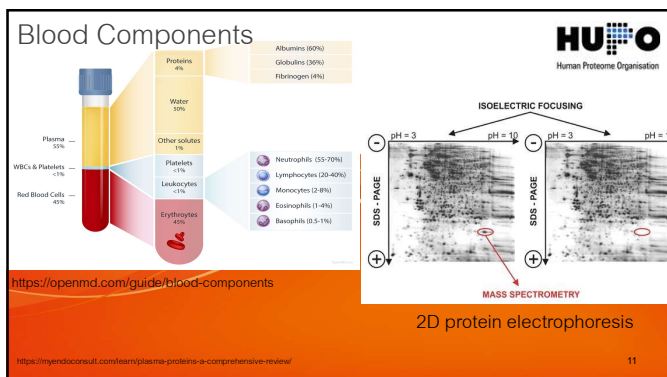
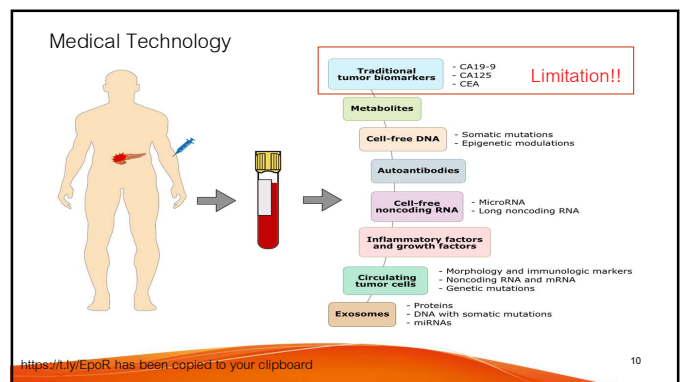
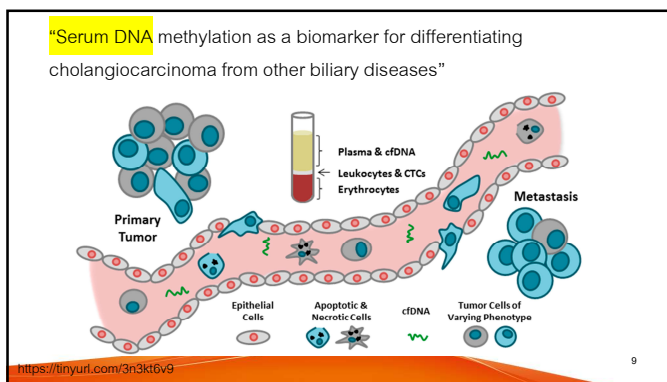
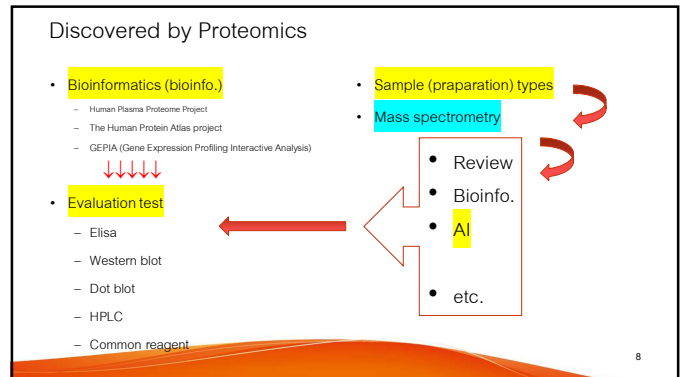
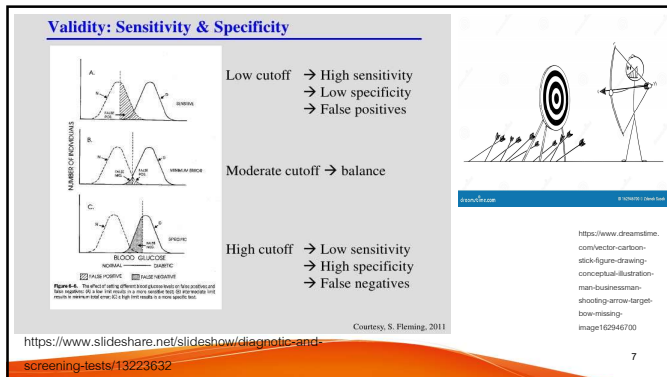




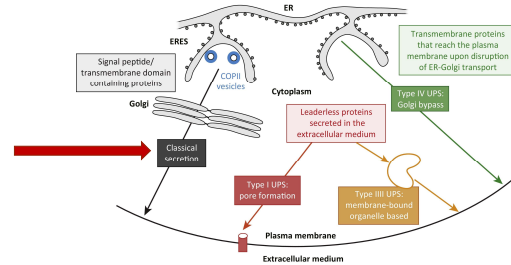
Proteomics for cholangiocarcinoma markers

- Chapter 1 Secretome
- Chapter 2 Bioinformatics for marker selections
- Chapter 3 Protein-protein interactions
- Chapter 4 Mitochondrial markers
- Chapter 5 Metabolomics of bile acids
- Summary for Future



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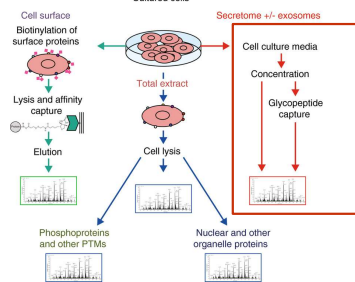
#1 Secretome



Trends Cell Biol
2017 Mar 27(3):230-240, doi: 10.1016/j.tcb.2016.11.007

14

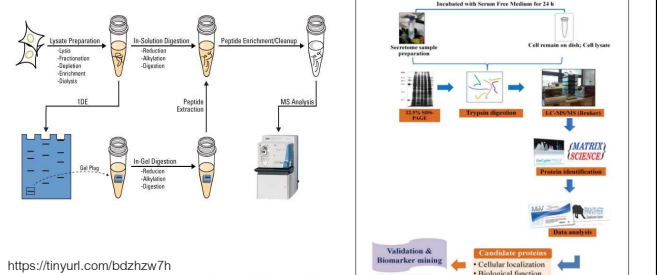
Secretome Analysis



https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Analysis-of-the-proteome-of-cell-populations-by-sub-compartment-Proteomics-fig2_261514808

15

Work Flow



<https://tinyurl.com/bdzhw7h>
Asian Pac J Cancer Prev
2012;13 Suppl 1:4

Figure 1-3 Outline of experimental workflow

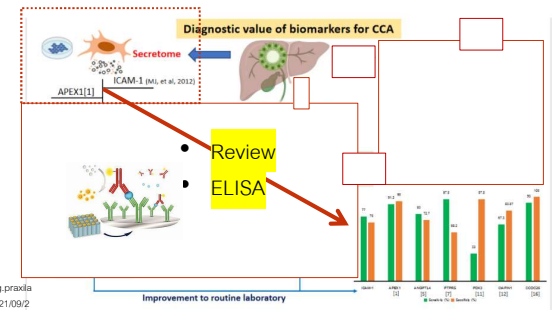
16

Expression protein profile pattern



Figure 1-4 Expression profile pattern of total 90 significantly aberrant proteins. Heat map of the quantitative differential expression of these CCA secretome and control, MSN01. Each row represents an individual protein, and each column represents MSN01, K810-100, K810-A0213A, and K810-A0213B secretomes, respectively (bar chart represents the signal intensity level as shown in corresponding color).

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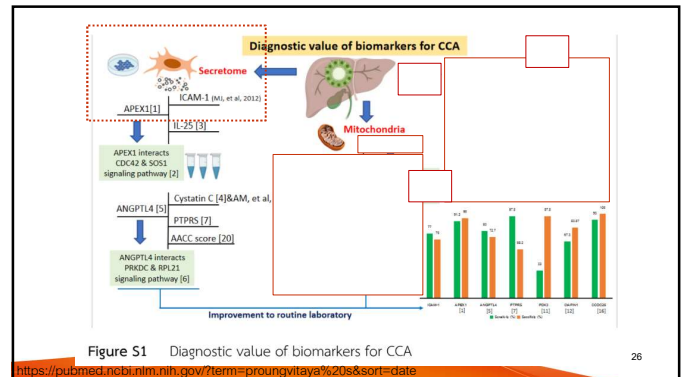


<https://blog.praxia.com/2021/09/2>
0/elisa-principle/

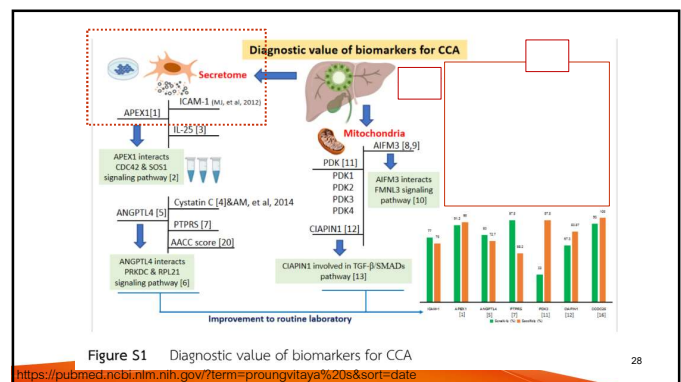
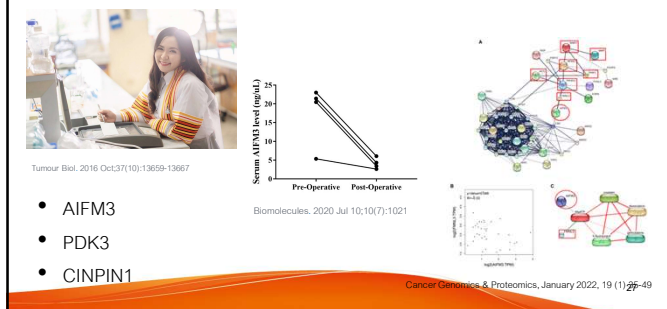
Figure S1 Diagnostic value of biomarkers for CCA
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/?term=prongvitiaya%20s&sort=date>

18

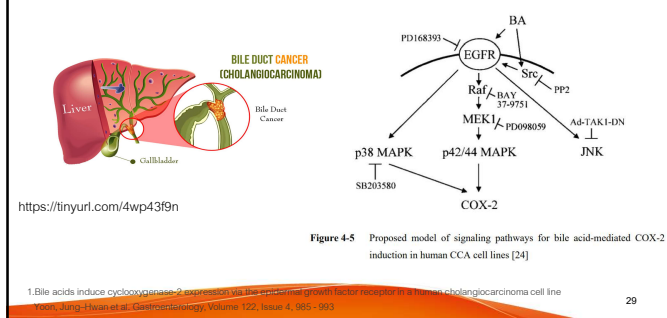
#3 Protein-protein Interactions



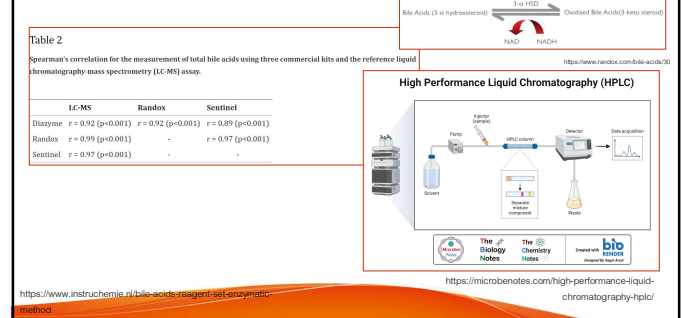
#4 Mitochondrial proteome analysis

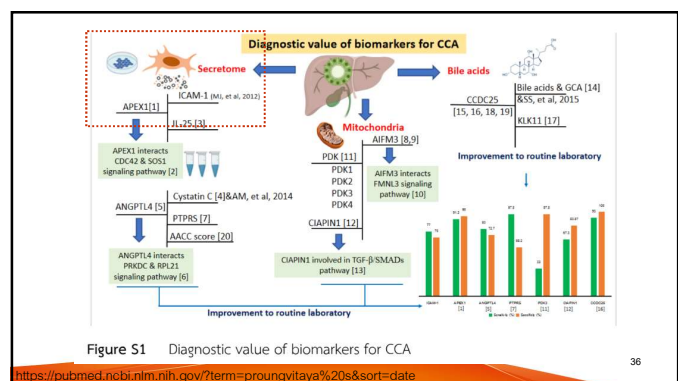
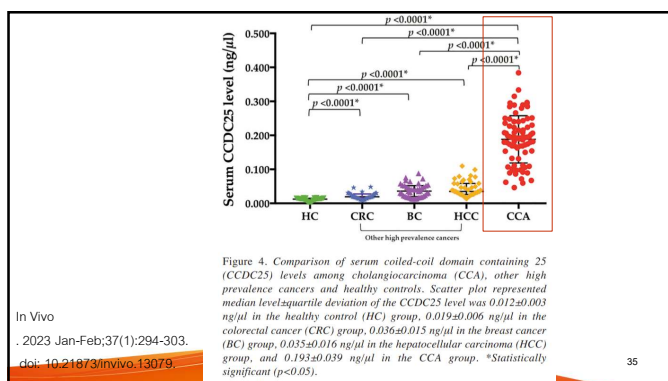
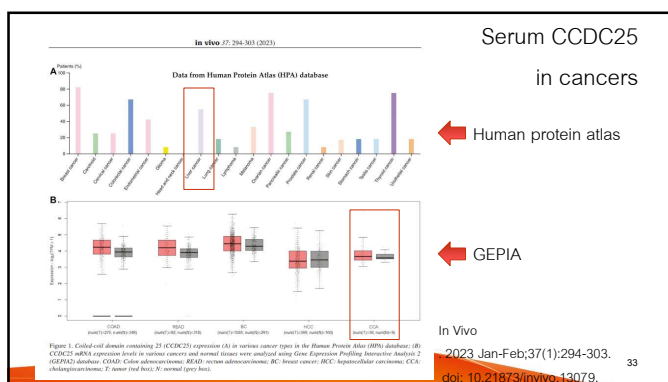
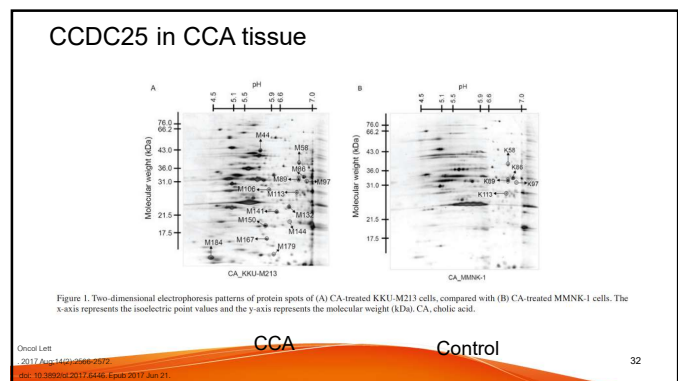
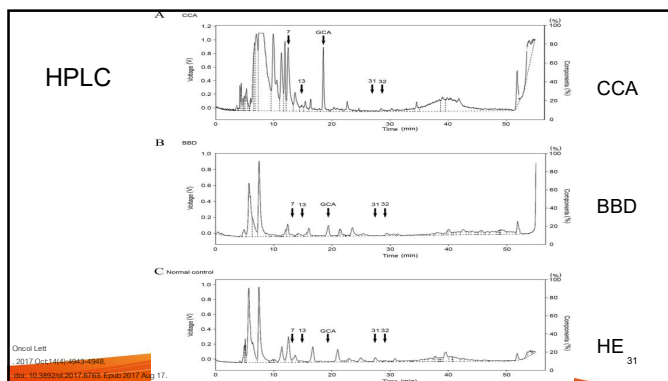


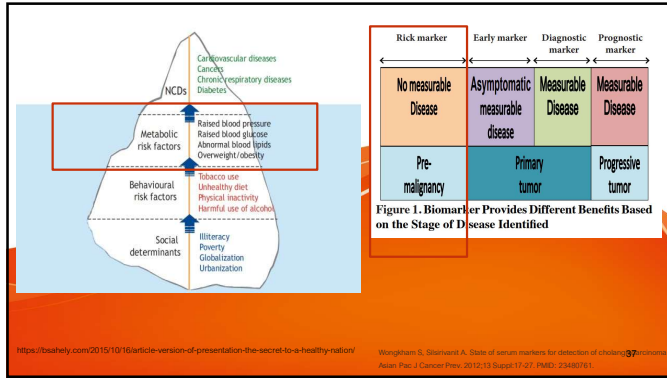
#5 Metabolomics of bile acids



Bile acid determination







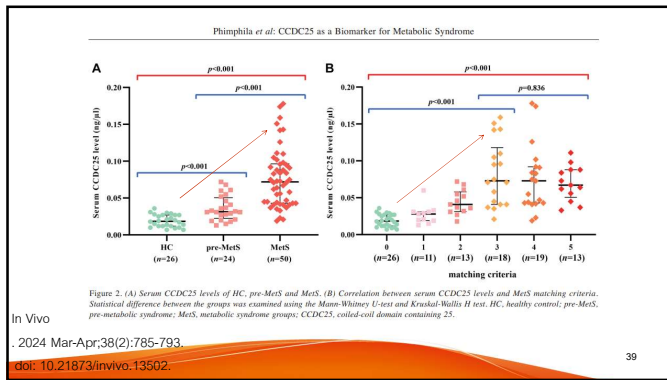
Phimphila et al. CCDC25 as a Biomarker for Metabolic Syndrome

Table 1. Metabolic characteristics of the HC, pre-MetS, and MetS groups.

Parameters	Criteria	HC (n=26)	pre-MetS (n=24)	MetS (n=50)	p-Value
BMI (kg/m ²)	≥27.00 (M)	20.75±1.25 (19.10-24.20)	22.00±2.38 (17.40-26.60)	27.25±2.35 (20.50-33.50)	<0.001
	≥25.00 (F)	20.95±1.65 (19.10-24.80)	23.50±1.85 (17.90-34.70)	26.95±2.10 (17.40-37.40)	<0.001
SBP (mmHg)	≥130.00	121.50±4.50 (100.00-129.00)	136.50±10.38 (113.00-189.00)	146.00±9.63 (110.00-188.00)	<0.001
DBP (mmHg)	≥85.00	72.50±4.63 (62.00-83.00)	78.00±6.63 (64.00-99.00)	81.50±6.38 (59.00-106.00)	<0.001
FBG (mg/dl)	≥100.00	83.00±3.00 (69.00-95.00)	94.50±12.80 (70.00-219.00)	127.50±4.13 (82.00-348.00)	<0.001
TG (mg/dl)	≥150.00	77.50±10.50 (41.00-147.00)	105.00±21.75 (59.00-344.00)	183.50±34.25 (60.00-314.00)	<0.001
HDL-C (mg/dl)	<40.00 (M)	56.50±6.00 (45.00-74.00)	57.00±14.00 (33.00-91.00)	38.50±5.50 (20.00-58.00)	<0.001
	<50.00 (F)	64.00±5.58 (51.00-83.00)	60.00±6.00 (43.00-74.00)	43.00±6.00 (26.00-75.00)	<0.001

Data are presented as the median with quartile deviation (QD) and min, maximum to max, maximum. Values in bold indicate statistical significance, calculated using the Kruskal-Wallis H test. HC, healthy control; pre-MetS, pre-metabolic syndrome; MetS, metabolic syndrome; M, male; F, female; BMI, body mass index; SBP, systolic blood pressure; DBP, diastolic blood pressure; FBG, fasting blood glucose; TG, triglyceride; HDL-C, high-density lipoprotein cholesterol.

In Vivo
2024 Mar-Apr;38(2):785-793.
doi: 10.21873/in vivo.13502.



Marker routine detection

- Chapter 1 Secretome
- Chapter 2 Bioinformatics for marker selections
- Chapter 3 Protein-protein interactions
- Chapter 4 Mitochondrial markers
- Chapter 5 Metabolomics of bile acids
- Summary for Future

https://blog.pravila.bs.com/2021/09/2/

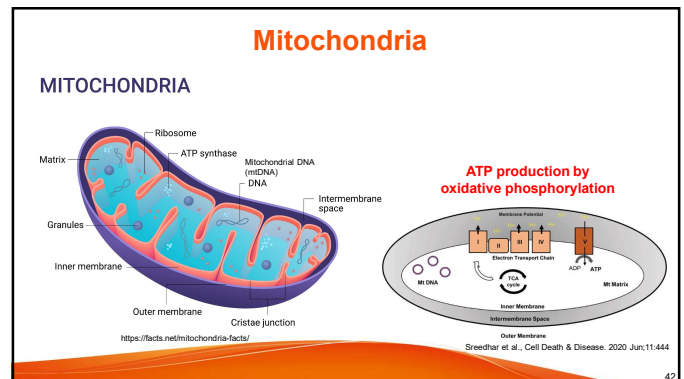
bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/2021.09.21.458000>; this version posted September 21, 2021. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

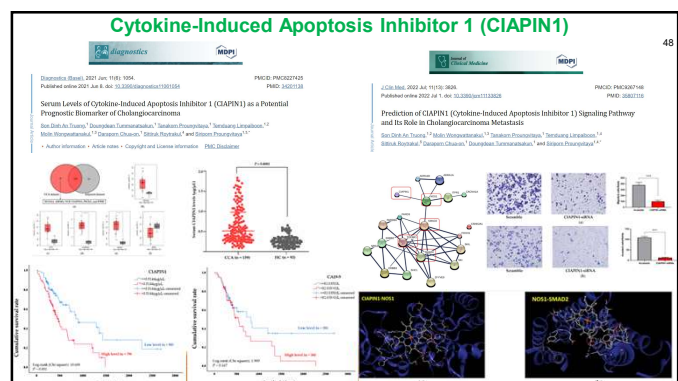
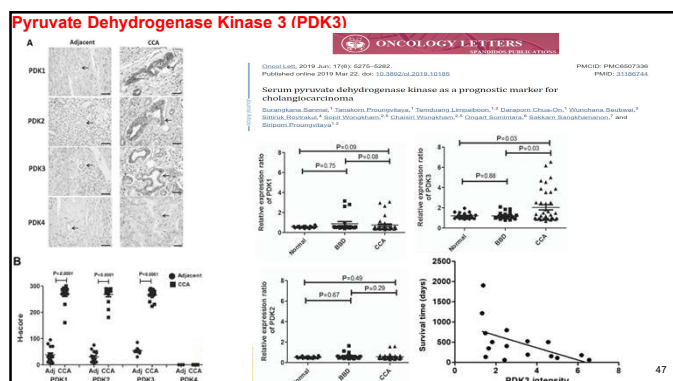
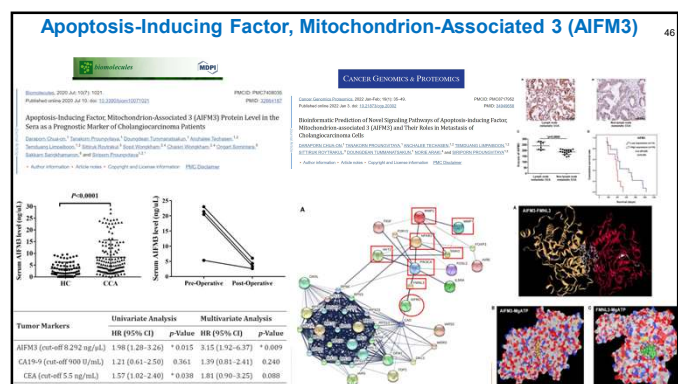
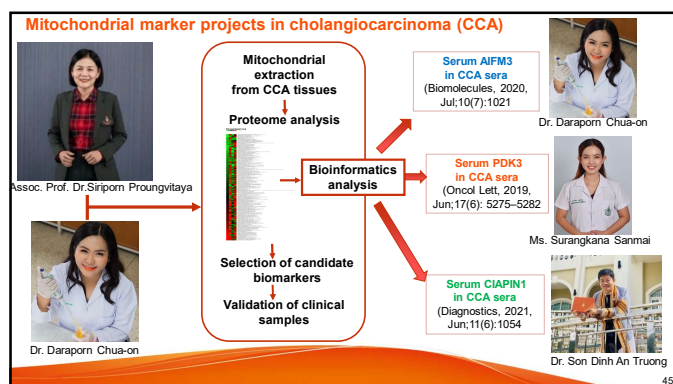
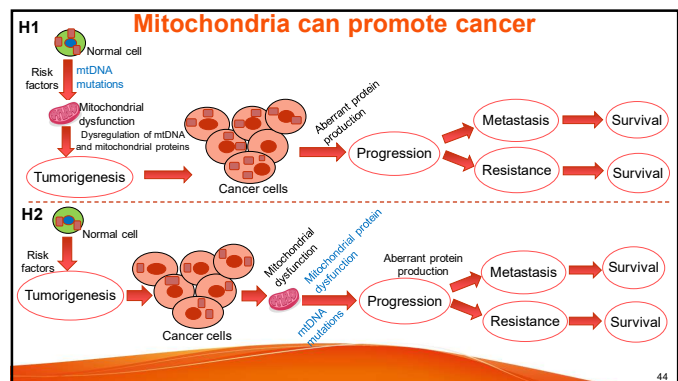
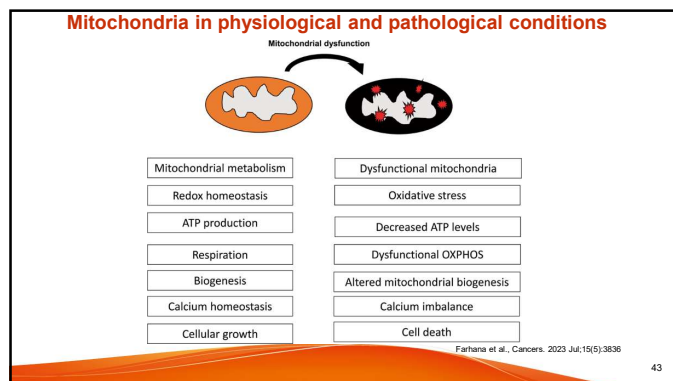
KKU KHON KAEN UNIVERSITY

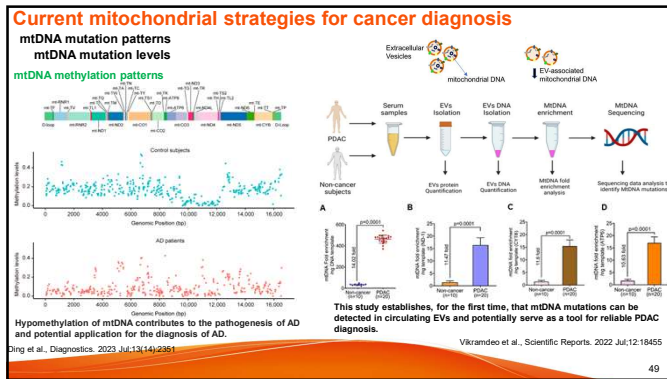
“Mitochondrial markers”

Daraporn Chua-on, Ph.D.
Postdoctoral researcher, KKU, Thailand

International Conference on Health Sciences
October 10, 2024







New chapter

50

	GRADE I ~5-95%	GRADE II ~5-10%	GRADE III ~5-5%
PREVALENCE			
DEMOGRAPHICS			
GENDER	Female > Male	Female > Male	Female < Male
DIAGNOSTIC CRITERIA	Mitoses < 4/10 hpf	Mitoses 4 - 19/10 hpf OR 3/5 of the following: Necrosis High nuclear/cytoplasmic ratio Prominent nucleoli Architectural disorganization Hypercellularity OR Clear cell/chordoid histology Brain invasion	Mitoses > 20/10 hpf OR Frank anaplasia OR Papillary/rhabdoid histology
HISTOLOGIC SUBTYPES	Meningothelial Fibrous (Fibroblastic) Transitional (Mixed) Pseudopapillary Angiomatous Microcystic Secretory Lymphoplasmacyte-rich Metaplastic	Atypical Chordoid Clear Cell	Anaplastic Papillary Rhabdoid
CLINICAL OUTCOMES at 10 YEARS†			
OVERALL SURVIVAL	80-90%	50-79%	14-34%
PROGRESSION-FREE SURVIVAL	75-90%	23-78%	0%

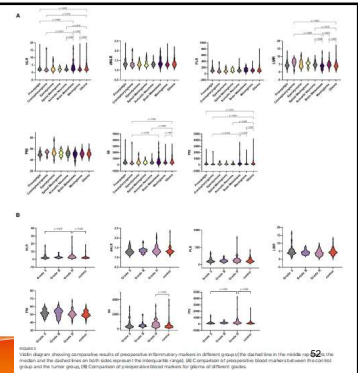
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Convenient and reliable peripheral blood markers

Cancer ☒ chronic inflammation

- neutrophil-lymphocyte ratio (NLR)
- platelet-lymphocyte ratio (PLR)
- lymphocyte-monocyte ratio (LMR)

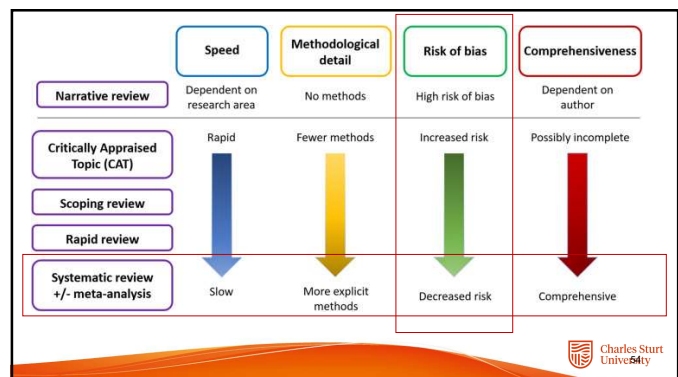
Yang Y, Hu F, Wu S, Huang Z, Wei K, Ma Y and
Ou-Yang Q (2023) Blood-based biomarkers:
diagnostic value in brain tumors (focus on
glioma). Front. Neurosci. 17:1097324.

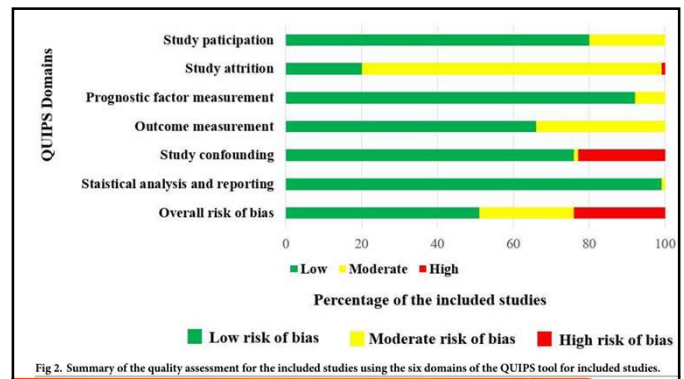
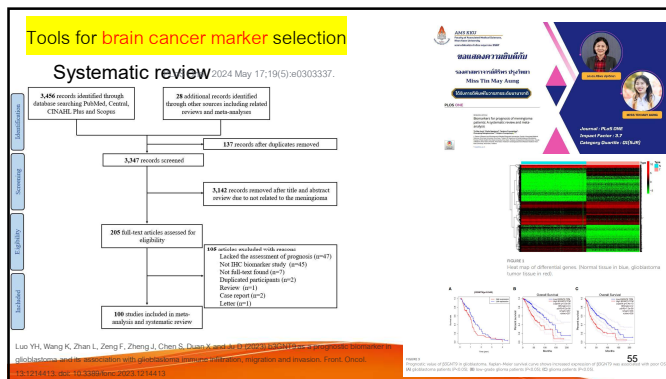


New chapter : Brain tumor

- Various biomarkers → the results are inconsistent
- In this study → a systematic review and meta-analysis to assess the prognostic biomarkers for patients with meningioma

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Association of biomarkers and prognosis in the meta-analysis

To evaluate the prognostic value of biomarkers of meningioma patients, we performed a meta analysis of **at least two or more studies** of the association between 11 biomarkers (PR, cyclin A, TOP2A, p21, MCM6, H3k27me3, Bcl-2, p53, VEGF, PHH3, and Ki-67/MIB-1) and their respective prognostic outcomes using the univariate or multivariate HR and 95% CI by **forest plot** of random-effects model.

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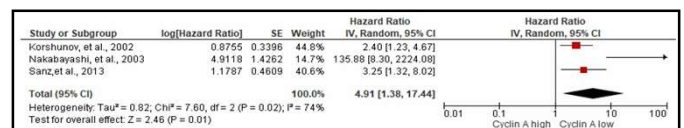
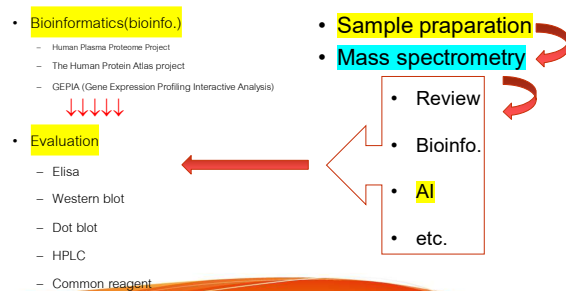


Fig 4. Association between cyclin A expression and RFS of meningioma patients by forest plot.

- Cyclin A is a member of cells cycle protein and implicated in the control of DNA replication.
- It is linked to both CDK 1 (cyclin dependent kinase) and CDK2, and has functions in, both S phase and mitosis stages of the cell cycle.
- High expression of cyclin A is observed in various human malignancies like astrocytoma, breast cancer, and liver cancer.
- Our meta-analysis revealed the association of the high expression of cyclin A with the high-risk of recurrence of meningioma patients.
- This marker could be used as predictors of recurrence for meningioma patients.
- Abnormal expression of cyclin A may linked to the irregular cell proliferation of meningioma patients.

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Discovered by Proteomics



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References

PubMed®

Searching word : proungvitaya s or patrakitkomjorn
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/?term=proungvitaya%20s&sort=date>



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